## In the Claims:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A Ccompound of the following general formula I (tubulysin):

## Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z having have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = CH_3 \text{ or } COR^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = CH_3) \text{ O}$ 

R<sup>11</sup>= alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>.

2. (Currently Amended) The Compound according to claim 1, wherein

 $R, R^1, R^4, R^5, R^8, R^9, R^{10}$  and/or  $R^{11}$  = unsubstituted or substituted phenyl, especially

 $C_{1-4}$  alkyl-substituted phenyl

 $R^5 = C_{1-4}alkyl$ ,  $C_{2-6}alkenyl$  or pyridyl

 $R^5$  and/or  $X = C_{2-4}$ alkenyl

 $R^6$  = an alkali metal ion, especially the Na ion, or an alkaline earth metal ion

 $R^8$  and/or  $R^9 = C_{2-4}$ alkenyl and/or

 $R^{10} = C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-4}$ alkenyl, or pyridyl.

3. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 1) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 7)

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Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

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V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (for Z = CH_3 or COR^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = CH_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$ = alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or OH,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = H$ , Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein a compound of the following general formula II (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6):

Formula II

wherein  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above is subjected to ester cleavage in an acidic medium, and thereby preparing the compound of the general-formula I having the indicated meanings is obtained.

- 4. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 3</u>, wherein the ester cleavage is carried out in an organic solvent, especially dioxane, in the presence of an acid, especially hydrogen chloride, and/or at elevated temperature.
- 5. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 1) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 8)

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Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $\underline{U = H, Hal, NO_2 \text{ or } NHR^3}$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

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V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (for Z = CH_3 \text{ or } COR^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = CH_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$ = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z = (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or OH,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, especially methyl, W = H, X = H, Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein a compound of the general formula II according to claim 3 (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6)

Formula II

wherein  $X=CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9=COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10}$ =alkyl. preferably  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above is subjected to acetal cleavage and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I 1-according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

6. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 5</u>, wherein the acetal cleavage is carried out in an acidic medium, especially in the presence of hydrochloric acid, and/or at elevated temperature.

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7. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 1) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 9)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal, NO<sub>2</sub> or NHR<sup>3</sup>

 $R^3$  = H, HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

-10-00284246  $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9$  = H. alkyl. alkenyl. aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or OH,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = H$ , W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = alkyl$ , especially  $C_{1-6}alkyl$ ,  $Y = free electron pair and <math>Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein a compound of the general formula II according to claim 3 (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6)

Formula II

wherein  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above is subjected to ester cleavage in a weakly alkaline medium, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

8. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 7</u>, wherein the ester cleavage is carried out in an organic medium, especially a hydrophilic organic solvent, preferably an alcohol, especially methanol, in the presence of a weak base, especially NH<sub>3</sub>.

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9. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 1) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 10)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal, NO<sub>2</sub> or NHR<sup>3</sup>

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

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 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8 = alkyl$ , alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

R<sup>10</sup> = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = \text{CH}_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$ = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$  wherein R =  $OR^1$ ,  $R^1$  = H, S = U = H, T = H or OH, V =  $OR^7$ ,  $R^7$  = H, W = H, X = H, Y = free electron pair and Z =  $CH_3$ , in which process wherein a compound of the general formula II according to claim 3 (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6)

Formula II

wherein  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1.4}$ alkyl, especially methyl,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1.6}$ alkyl, and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above is subjected to double ester cleavage in a strongly alkaline medium, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula  $\underline{I}$  according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

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10. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess</u> according to claim 9, wherein the double ester cleavage is carried out in an organic medium, especially in a hydrophilic organic solvent, preferably an alcohol, especially methanol, in the presence of a strong base, especially an alkali metal hydroxide, preferably sodium hydroxide.

11. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 1) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the following-general formula III (type 11)

Formula III

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ , V with  $X = CH_2O$  bridge, W = H, Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$  in the general formula according to claim 1, in which process wherein a compound of the general formula  $\underline{II}$  according to claim 3 (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6)

Formula II

wherein  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above is subjected to ring formation with double ester cleavage in an acidic medium, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula III above having the indicated meanings is obtained.

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12. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 12 11</u>, wherein the ring formation is carried out in an aqueous medium, in the presence of an inorganic acid, preferably hydrochloric acid, and with heating.

13. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 2) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 12)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

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S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (for Z = CH_3 or COR^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = CH_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$ = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = 0R^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = COR^5$ ,  $R^5 =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = R^5$ , Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein a compound of the following general formula IV (type 7):

Formula IV

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wherein  $X = CH^2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = H$  and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above is subjected to acylation, and thereby preparing a the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

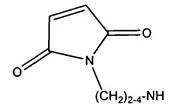
- 14. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 13</u>, wherein the acylation is carried out using an acyl halide, especially an acyl chloride, and/or in the presence of a weak base, especially a weak organic base, preferably a tertiary amine, especially triethylamine.
- 15. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 2) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 13)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

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 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8 = alkyl$ , alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ , especially methyl, WH,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = alkyl$ , especially

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 $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and Z = CH<sup>3</sup>, in which process wherein hydrolysis is carried out in an alkaline medium on the compound of Formula I a product of the process according to claim 13 wherein T = OR<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> = COR<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above, and thereby preparing a compound of the general formula I according to claim-1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

16. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 15</u>, wherein the hydrolysis is carried out using ammonia.

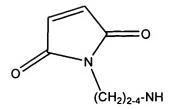
17. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 3) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 14)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

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 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8 = alkyl$ , alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or OH,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably

 $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl. W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, alkenyl or

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aryl, Y = free electron pair and Z =  $CH_3$ , in which process wherein a starting compound of the formula II process according to claim 3 (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6)

Formula II

is subjected to ester cleavage and is alkylated, and a thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim I having the indicated meanings is obtained.

18. (Currently Amended) The Pprocess according to claim 17, wherein the reaction is carried out using an alkylating agent of formula  $R^9OH$  wherein  $R^9$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, alkenyl or aryl.

19. (Currently Amended) <u>The</u> Pprocess according to claim 17-or-18, wherein the reaction is carried out in the presence of p-CH<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>OH in tetrahydrofuran (THF) at elevated temperature.

20. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 4) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 15)

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### Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8 = alkyl$ , alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

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# $R^{11}$ = alkyl, $CF_3$ or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$  wherein R =  $OR^1$ ,  $R^1$  = H, S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4$  = H V =  $OR^7$ ,  $R^7$  = H or  $COR^8$ ,  $R^8$  = alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H, X =  $CH_3$ , Y = free electron pair and Z =  $CH_3$ , in which process wherein a compound of Formula I a product of the process according to elaim 3 (type 7) wherein X =  $CH_2$ ,  $OR^9$ ,  $R^9$  = H and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above is subjected to reduction, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to elaim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

- 21. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 20</u>, wherein the reduction is carried out using NaCNBH<sub>3</sub> and trifluoroacetic acid in methanol (MeOH).
- 22. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 4) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 15)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

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 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = \text{CH}_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$   $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = H$  or  $COR^8$ ,  $R^8 = COR^8$ 

alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_3$ , Y =free electron pair and Z =

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CH<sub>3</sub>, in which process wherein a compound of the general formula III according to claim 11 (type11)

#### Formula III

is subjected to ring opening with reduction or to reduction with ring opening, and thereby preparing a the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

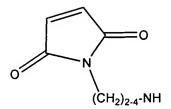
- 23. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 20 22</u>, wherein the reaction is carried out in the presence of NaCNBH<sub>3</sub> in acetonitrile and, Me<sub>3</sub>SiCl and in acetonitrile (CH<sub>3</sub>CN).
- 24. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 5) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 16)

## Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

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 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

 $V = H, OR^7, Hal or (with W = O) O$ 

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8 = alkyl$ , alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = \text{CH}_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or OH,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, alkenyl or aryl, W = H,  $X = CH_2$ ,  $OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, or

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alkenyl, Y = free electron pair and Z = CH<sub>3</sub>, in which process wherein the compound of Formula  $\underline{I}$  a product of a process according to claim 7 (type 9) wherein  $V = OR^7$  and  $R^7 = H$  and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above is subjected to acylation, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula  $\underline{I}$  according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

25. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 24</u>, wherein the acylation is carried out using an acyl halide of formula  $R^8COCI$  wherein  $R^8$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, alkenyl or aryl, especially an acyl chloride, and/or in the presence of a base, especially an organic base, preferably a trialkylamine, especially triethylamine.

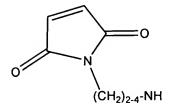
26. (Currently Amended) (Seheme 5) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 17)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

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 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8 = alkyl$ , alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$ = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ , V = H or F, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9$ 

=  $COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10}$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, or alkenyl, Y = free electron pair and Z =  $CH_3$ , in

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which process wherein the compound of Formula I a product of a process according to claim 7 (type 9) wherein  $V = OR^7$  and  $R^7 = H$  and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above is subjected to catalytic hydrogenation or fluorination, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim I having the indicated meanings is obtained.

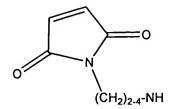
- 27. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess</u> according to claim 26, wherein, for V = H, the hydrogenation is carried out using palladium-on-carbon in the presence of acetic acid and, for V = F, the fluorination is carried out using DAST in tetrahydrofuran.
- 28. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 5) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula according to claim 1 (type 18)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

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 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8 = alkyl$ , alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9$  = H, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

R<sup>11</sup>= alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^{1}$ ,  $R^{1} = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^{4}$ ,  $R^{4} = H$ , V with W = O,  $X = CH_{2}OR^{9}$ ,  $R^{9} = H$ 

 $COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10}$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, or alkenyl, Y= free electron pair and Z = CH<sub>3</sub>, in-which

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process wherein the compound of Formula I a product of a process according to claim 7 (type 9) wherein  $V = OR^7$  and  $R^7 = H$  and which otherwise has the meanings indicated above is subjected to oxidation with formation of a ketone, and thereby preparing a the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

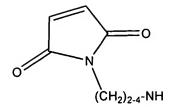
- 29. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 28</u>, wherein the oxidation is carried out in the presence of TPAP and <u>NMO</u> in dichloromethane <del>NMO</del>.
- 30. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 5) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 19)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

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 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3$  = H, HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9$  = H, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or OH,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = H$ , W = alkyl, especially  $C_1$ .

4alkyl,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, or alkenyl, Y = free electron

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pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein a product of a process according to claim 28 or 29 the compound of Formula I (type 18) is reacted with a Grignard compound to form the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings.

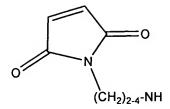
- 31. (Currently Amended) The Pprocess according to claim 30, wherein the reaction is carried out using an organomagnesium compound of formula WMgHaI wherein W = alkyl and especially  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ .
- 32. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 5) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general-formula I according to claim 1 (type 19)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

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 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

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wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H, T = H or OH,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = H$ , W = alkyl and especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl. especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, or alkenyl, Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein

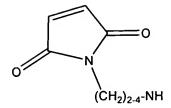
- (i) in a first step a process according to claim 28 or 29 is carried out and then
- (ii) in a second step a process according to claim 30 or 31 is carried out, and a thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.
- 33. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 6) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 20)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

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 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4$  = H, alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9$  = H, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or (for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$ = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = alkyl$ , especially  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ , or alkenyl, S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,

 $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl. preferably  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,

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 $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein a starting compound of a process according to claim 3 Formula II (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6)

Formula II

or a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to alkylation or alkenylation, and a thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

- 34. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 33</u>, wherein the alkylation or alkenylation is carried out in the presence of EDC,  $R^1OH$  wherein  $R^1$  = alkyl, especially  $C_1$ . 4alkyl, or alkenyl, and DMAP in methylene chloride.
- 35. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 6) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 21)

Formula I

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wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8 = alkyl$ , alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = CH_3 \text{ or } COR^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = CH_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

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Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = NHR^1$ ,  $NH-NR^1R^2$ ,  $NHOR^1$  or  $NH((CH_2)_{2.4}NR^1R^2$ ,  $R^1$  and  $R^2$ , each independently of the other = H, alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, or aryl, S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein a starting compound of Formula II a process according to claim 3 (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6)

Formula II

or a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to amination using a compound of formula RH, R having the indicated meanings, and a thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

- 36. (Currently Amended) The Pprocess according to claim 35, wherein the reaction is carried out
- (i) in the presence of EDC in methylene chloride or
- (ii) in the presence of isobutyl chloroformate and triethylamine in THF.
- 37. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 6) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula according to claim 1 (type 22)

-39- 00284246

Formula I

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4$  = H, alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6$  = H, alkyl or a metal ion

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 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or (for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

R<sup>11</sup>= alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein R = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or alkenyl, S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4$  = H, V =  $OR^7$ ,  $R^7$  =  $COR^8$ ,  $R^8$  = alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H, X =  $CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9$  =  $COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10}$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and Z =  $CH_3$ , in which process wherein a starting compound of Formula II a process according to claim 3 (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6)

Formula II

or a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is reacted with an organolithium compound of formula RLi having the indicated meaning for R, to form thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings.

38. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 6) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 23)

-41- 00284246

Formula I

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

-42- 00284246

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (for Z = CH_3 \text{ or } COR^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = CH_3)$  O

R<sup>11</sup>= alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein R = amino radical of 1-(2-amino- $C_{2-4}$ alkyl)-pyrrole -2,5-dione, S = U = H, T = H or  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4$  = H, V =  $OR^7$ ,  $R^7$  =  $COR^8$ ,  $R^8$  = alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H, X =  $CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9$  =  $COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10}$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and Z =  $CH_3$ , in which process wherein a starting compound of Formula II a process according to claim-3 (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6)

Formula II

or a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to amination using 1-(2-amino- $C_{2-4}$ alkyl)-pyrrole-2,5-dione, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

39. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 38</u>, wherein the amination is carried out in the presence of EDC in methylene chloride.

-43- 00284246

40. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 7) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 24)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

-44- 00284246

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = \text{CH}_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = P(O)(OR^6)_2$  wherein  $R^6 = H$  or alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or  $R^4 = SO_3R^6$  wherein  $R^6 = H$ .  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H  $X == CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein

(i) a starting compound of Formula II (type 1, 2 or 3) according to claim 3

Formula II

or

- (ii) a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is reacted with
- (a) a compound of formula  $P(O)(OR^6)_2OH$  wherein  $R^6 = H$  or alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or (b)  $SO_3$

and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula  $\underline{I}$  according to claim-1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

- 41. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 40</u>, wherein the variant (a) is carried out in the presence of  $I_2$  and pyridine in methylene chloride.
- 42. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 40</u>, wherein the variant (b) is carried out using pyridine SO<sub>3</sub>.
- 43. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 7) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 25)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^{1} = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal, NO<sub>2</sub> or NHR<sup>3</sup>

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = COR^5$ ,  $R^5 =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,

alkenyl or  $N(R^{12})_2$ ,  $R^{12}$ , = alkyl,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 == COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,

especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}R^{10} = alkyl$ . especially  $C_{1-6}alkyl$ , alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}alkenyl$ , aryl or heteroaryl, in which process

(i) a starting compound of Formula II (type 1, 2 or 3) according to claim 3

Formula II

or

- (ii) a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula II (type 13) is subjected to acylation, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.
- 44. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess</u> according to claim 43, wherein the acylation is carried out using an acyl halide of formula  $R^5COCI$  wherein  $R^5$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, alkenyl or  $N(R^{12})_2$  and  $R^{12}$  = alkyl, especially using an acyl chloride, in the presence of an organic base, especially a trialkylamine, preferably triethylamine, in an organic solvent, especially THF.
- 45. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 7) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 26)

Formula I

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R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 =$ alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9$  = H, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = \text{CH}_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

-49- 00284246

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$  wherein R =  $OR^1$ ,  $R^1$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or alkenyl, S = U = H, T =  $OR^4$ ,  $R^4$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or alkenyl, V =  $OR^7$ ,  $R^7$  =  $COR^8$ ,  $R^8$  = alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H, X =  $CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9$  =  $COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10}$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially

 $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and Z = CH<sub>3</sub>, in which process wherein

(i) a starting compound of Formula II (type 1, 2 or 3) according to claim 3

Formula II

or

- (ii) a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to alkylation, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.
- 46. (Currently Amended) The Pprocess according to claim 45, wherein the alkylation is carried out using an alkyl iodide of formula  $R^4I$  wherein  $R^4$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1.4}$ alkyl, or alkenyl in the presence of a weak base, especially  $Ag_2O$ , in an organic solvent, especially methylene chloride.
- 47. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 45</u>, wherein methylation is carried out using diazomethane in an organic solvent, especially methanol.
- 48. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 7) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 27)

Formula I

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

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 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8 = alkyl$ , alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or alkenyl,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein the compound of Formula I a product of the process according to claim 45, 46 or 47 (type 26) is subjected to partial dealkylation or dealkenylation enzymatically, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

49. (Currently Amended) <u>The</u> Pprocess according to claim 48, wherein an esterase, especially pig liver esterase, is used as the enzyme.

50. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 7) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 27)

-52- 00284246

## Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^{1} = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

 $V = H, OR^7, Hal or (with W = O) O$ 

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8 = alkyl$ , alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or (for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

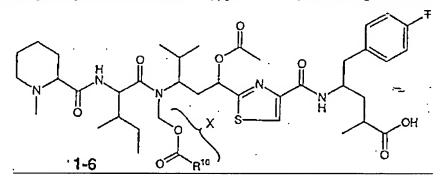
-53- 00284246

## R<sup>11</sup>= alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$  wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or alkenyl,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 =$  alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl. W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} =$  alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, in which process wherein

## (a) in a first step

(i) a starting compound of Formula II (type 1, 2 or 3) according to claim 3



Formula II

or

- (ii) a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to a process according to claim 45, 46 or 47 and
- (b) in a second step a process according to claim 48 or 49 is carried out, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.
- 51. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 8) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 28 and, as the case may be, 29)

Formula I

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

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 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

R<sup>11</sup>= alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = H or Hal,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ , U = Hal,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ , especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = alkyl$ , especially  $C_{1-6}alkyl$ , alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}alkenyl$ , aryl or heteroaryl, in which process wherein

(i) a starting compound of Formula II (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6) according to claim 3

Formula II

or

- (ii) a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to halogenation or dihalogenation in the position ortho to the T substituent, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.
- 52. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 51</u>, wherein the halogenation is carried out in the presence of C<sub>5</sub>CI<sub>5</sub>NF-triflate, SO<sub>2</sub>,CI<sub>2</sub>, NBS and ICI

-56- 00284246

53. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 8) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 30)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

-57- 00284246

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = CH_3 \text{ or } COR^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = CH_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$ = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = H,  $T == OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $U = NO_2$ ,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ , especially methyl. W = H,  $X = CH_2$ ,  $OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = alkyl$ , especially  $C_{1-6}alkyl$ , alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}alkenyl$ , aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and

 $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein

(i) a starting compound of Formula II (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6) according to claim 3

Formula II

or

(ii) a product of a process according to claim-15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to nitration in the position ortho to the T substituent, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim-1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

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54. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess</u> according to claim 53, wherein the nitration is carried out using an alkali metal nitrite, especially sodium nitrite, and acetic acid in the presence of an organic solvent, especially ethanol.

55. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 8) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 31)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

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U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4$  = H, alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or (for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$ = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $U = NH_2$ ,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W =: H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = alkyl$ , especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein a product of a process according to claim 53 or 54 the compound of Formula I (type 30) is subjected to catalytic reduction, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

- 56. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 55</u>, wherein the reduction is carried out using elemental hydrogen in the presence of palladium on activated carbon, especially in an organic solvent, preferably ethanol.
- 57. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 8) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 31)

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Formula I

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6$  = H, alkyl or a metal ion

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 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = \text{CH}_3$ ) O

R<sup>11</sup>= alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $U = NH_2$ ,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ , especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-6}alkyl$ , alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}alkenyl$ , aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein

(a) in a first step

(i) a starting compound of the Formula II (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6) according to claim 3

Formula II

or

- (ii) a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to a process according to claim 53 or 54 and
- (b) in a second step the resulting product (type 30) is subjected to a process according to claim 55 or 56, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula <u>I according to claim 1</u> having the indicated meanings is obtained.

58. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 8) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 32)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

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 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or (for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$ 

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $U = NHR^3$ ,  $R^3 = alkyl$ -CO, especially  $C_1$ .

4alkyl-CO,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = alkyl$ , especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y =free electron pair and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein the compound of Formula I a product of a process according to claim 55, 56 or 57 (type 31) is subjected to alkylation, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

- 59. (Currently Amended) The Pprocess according to claim 58, wherein the alkylation is carried out using an acid anhydride of formula  $(R^3)_2O$  wherein  $R^3$  =alkyl-CO, especially  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl-CO.
- 60. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 8) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 32)

Formula I

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

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 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or (for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

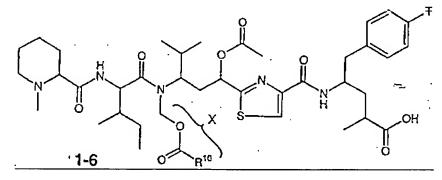
R<sup>11</sup>= alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $U = NHR^3$ ,  $R^3$ =alkyl-CO, especially  $C_1$ .

4alkyl-CO,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8$ =alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10}$  = alkyl, especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, in which process wherein

- (a) in an optional first step
  - (i) a starting compound of Formula II (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6) according to claim 3



Formula II

or

- (ii) a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to a process according to claim 53 or 54,
- (b) in a second step the resulting product (type 30) is subjected to a process according to claim 55 or 56 and
- (c) in a third step a process according to claim 58 or 59 is carried out, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

61. (Currently Amended) (Scheme-9) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 (type 33)

Formula I

wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z have the following meanings:

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $\underline{U} = H$ , Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

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 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6$  = H, alkyl or a metal ion

V = H,  $OR^7$ , Hal or (with W = O) O

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) Q

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

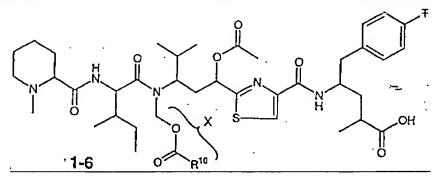
 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11}) \text{ free electron pair or } (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3) \text{ O}$ 

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$  wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ , especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = alkyl$ , especially  $C_{1-6}alkyl$ , alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}alkenyl$ , aryl or heteroaryl, Y = 0 and  $Z = CH_3$ , in which process wherein

(i) a starting compound of Formula II (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6) according to claim 3



Formula II

or

(ii) a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to a reaction for formation of an N-oxide, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

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- 62. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 61</u>, wherein the N-oxide formation is carried out using mCPBA in an organic solvent, especially methylene chloride.
- 63. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 9) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general formula according to claim 1 (type 34)

Formula I

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4$  = H, alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

 $V = H, OR^7, Hal or (with W = O) O$ 

 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9$  = H, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10}$  = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = \text{CH}_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$ = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH<sub>3</sub> or (for Y = free electron pair) COR<sup>11</sup>

wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^{7_1} = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ , especially methyl, W = H,  $X = CH_2OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = alkyl$ ,

especially  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair, Z =  $COR^{11}$  and  $R^{11}$  = alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, in which process the compound

of Formula I product of a process according to claim 61 or 62 (type 33) is reacted with an

acylating agent, and thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

- 64. (Currently Amended) <u>The Pprocess according to claim 63</u>, wherein the acylation is carried out using an acid anhydride, especially acetic anhydride, preferably at elevated temperature.
- 65. (Currently Amended) (Scheme 9) A Pprocess for the preparation of a compound of the general-formula I according to claim 1 (type 34)

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Formula I

R = H, alkyl, aryl,  $OR^1$ ,  $NR^1R^2$  or

 $R^1 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$ , alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

U = H, Hal,  $NO_2$  or  $NHR^3$ 

 $R^3 = H$ , HCO or alkyl-CO

 $T = H \text{ or } OR^4$ 

 $R^4 = H$ , alkyl, aryl,  $COR^5$ ,  $P(O)(OR^6)_2$  or  $SO_3R^6$ 

 $R^5 = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $R^6 = H$ , alkyl or a metal ion

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 $R^7 = H$ , alkyl or  $COR^8$ 

 $R^8$  = alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

W = H or alkyl or (with V) O

X = H, alkyl, alkenyl or  $CH_2OR^9$ 

 $R^9 = H$ , alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or  $COR^{10}$ 

 $R^{10} = alkyl$ , alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (\text{for } Z = \text{CH}_3 \text{ or } \text{COR}^{11})$  free electron pair or (for  $Z = \text{CH}_3$ ) O

 $R^{11}$  = alkyl,  $CF_3$  or aryl and/or

Z= (for Y = O or free electron pair)  $CH_3$  or (for Y = free electron pair)  $COR^{11}$  wherein  $R = OR^1$ ,  $R^1 = H$ , S = U = H,  $T = OR^4$ ,  $R^4 = H$ ,  $V = OR^7$ ,  $R^7 = COR^8$ ,  $R^8 = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ , especially methyl, W = H,  $X == CH,OR^9$ ,  $R^9 = COR^{10}$ ,  $R^{10} = alkyl$ , especially  $C_{1-6}alkyl$ , alkenyl, especially  $C_{2-6}alkenyl$ , aryl or heteroaryl, Y = free electron pair,  $Z = COR^{11}$  and  $R^{11} = alkyl$ , preferably  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ , especially methyl, in which process wherein (a) in a first step

(i) a starting compound of Formula II (type 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6) according to claim 3

Formula II

or

- (ii) a product of a process according to claim 15 the compound of Formula I (type 13) is subjected to a process according to claim 61 or 62 and
- (b) in a second step the resulting product (type 33) is subjected to a process according to claim 63 or 64, and

thereby preparing the compound of the general formula I according to claim 1 having the indicated meanings is obtained.

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- 66. (Currently Amended) A Ttherapeutic preparation, especially a cytostatic agent, comprising one or more compounds according to claim 1 or 2 as active ingredient in addition to one or more optional customary carriers and/or one or more optional customary diluents.
- 67. (Currently Amended) A Ttherapeutic preparation, especially a cytostatic agent, comprising one or more products of a process according to one of claims 3 to 65 as active ingredient in addition to one or more optional customary carriers and/or one or more optional customary diluents.
- 68. (Currently Amended) <u>The Ec</u>ompound according to claim 1 or 2, wherein alkyl is branched, unbranched or cyclic  $C_{1-20}$ alkyl, especially  $C_{1-7}$ alkyl, preferably  $C_{1-8}$ alkyl and more preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, especially methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, secbutyl, tert-butyl, and cycloalkyl having preferably from 3 to 8 carbon atoms in the ring.
- 69. (Currently Amended) <u>The Ecompound according to claim 1, 2 or 68</u>, wherein alkenyl is branched, unbranched or cyclic C<sub>2-20</sub>alkenyl, especially C<sub>2-7</sub>alkenyl, preferably C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl and more preferably C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl, especially vinyl, allyl propen-1-yl, propen-2-yl, but-1-en-1-yl, but-1-en-2-yl, but-1-en-3-yl, but-1-en-4-yl, but-2-en-1-yl, but-2-en-2-yl, 2methyl-propen-1-yl, 2-methyl-propen-3-yl, and cycloalkenyl having preferably from 3 to 8 carbon atoms in the ring and the number of double bonds in the alkenyl groups being from 1 to 3.
- 70. (Currently Amended) <u>The Ccompound according to claim 1, 2, 68 or 69</u>, wherein aryl is phenyl, naphthyl and biphenylyl.
- 71. (Currently Amended) <u>The Ccompound according to claim 1, 2, 68, 69 or 70</u>, wherein heteroaryl is furyl, thienyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, pyridyl, pyridinyl, pyrrolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl or pyrimidinyl.
- 72. (Currently Amended) <u>The Ccompound according to claim 1, 2, 68, 69, 70 or 71</u>, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, aryl and heteroaryl are unsubstituted or substituted and, especially, carry, in any position, from 1 to 3 substituents from the group formed by C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, hydroxy,

amino (NH<sub>2</sub>) and nitro (NO<sub>2</sub>).

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